discussing the establishment, or possible establishment, of a franchise relationship involving such a person.

- (f) The term business day means any day other than Saturday, Sunday, or the following national holidays: New Year's Day, Washington's Birthday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Columbus Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas.
- (g) The term time for making of disclosures means ten (10) business days prior to the earlier of (1) the execution by a prospective franchisee of any franchise agreement or any other agreement imposing a binding legal obligation on such prospective franchisee, about which the franchisor, franchise broker, or any agent, representative, or employee thereof, knows or should know, in connection with the sale or proposed sale of a franchise, or (2) the payment by a prospective franchisee, about which the franchisor, franchise broker, or any agent, representative, or employee thereof, knows or should know, of any consideration in connection with the sale or proposed sale of a franchise.
- (h) The term fractional franchise means any relationship, as denoted by paragraph (a) of this section, in which the person described therein as a franchisee, or any of the current directors or executive officers thereof, has been in the type of business represented by the franchise relationship for more than 2 years and the parties anticipated, or should have anticipated, at the time the agreement establishing the franchise relationship was reached, that the sales arising from the relationship would represent no more than 20 percent of the sales in dollar volume of the franchisee.
- (i) The term *affiliated person* means a person (as defined in paragraph (b) of this section):
- (1) Which directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with, a franchisor; or
- (2) Which directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds with power to vote, 10 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of a franchisor; or
- (3) Which has, in common with a franchisor, one or more partners, officers, directors, trustees, branch managers, or other persons occupying simi-

lar status or performing similar functions.

- (j) The term *franchise broker* means any person other than a franchisor or a franchisee who sells, offers for sale, or arranges for the sale of a franchise.
- (k) The term *sale of a franchise* includes a contract or agreement whereby a person obtains a franchise or interest in a franchise for value by purchase, license, or otherwise. This term shall not be deemed to include the renewal or extension of an existing franchise where there is no interruption in the operation of the franchised business by the franchisee, unless the new contracts or agreements contain material changes from those in effect between the franchisor and franchisee prior thereto.
- (l) A cooperative association is either (1) an association of producers of agricultural products authorized by section 1 of the Capper-Volstead Act, 7 U.S.C. 291; or (2) an organization operated on a cooperative basis by and for independent retailers which wholesales goods or furnishes services primarily to its member-retailers.
- (m) The term *fiscal year* means the franchisor's fiscal year.
- (n) The terms *material, material fact,* and *material change* shall include any fact, circumstance, or set of conditions which has a substantial likelihood of influencing a reasonable franchisee or a reasonable prospective franchisee in the making of a significant decision relating to a named franchise business or which has any significant financial impact on a franchisee or prospective franchisee.
- (o) The term *personal meeting* means a face-to-face meeting between a franchisor or franchise broker (or any agent, representative, or employee thereof) and a prospective franchisee which is held for the purpose of discussing the sale or possible sale of a franchise.

§ 436.3 Severability.

If any provision of this part or its application to any person, act, or practice is held invalid, the remainder of the part or the application of its provisions to any person, act, or practice shall not be affected thereby.

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Note 1: The Commission expresses no opinion as to the legality of any practice mentioned in this part. A provision for disclosure should not be construed as condonation or approval with respect to the matter required to be disclosed, nor as an indication of the Commission's intention not to enforce any applicable statute.

NOTE 2: By taking action in this area, the Federal Trade Commission does not intend to annul, alter, or affect, or exempt any person subject to the provisions of this part from complying with the laws or regulations of any State, municipality, or other local government with respect to franchising practices, except to the extent that those laws or regulations are inconsistent with any provision of this part, and then only to the extent of the inconsistency. For the purposes of this part, a law or regulation of any State, municipality, or other local government is not inconsistent with this part if the protection such law or regulation affords any prospective franchisee is equal to or greater than that provided by this part. Examples of provisions which provide protection equal to or greater than that provided by this part include laws or regulations which require more complete record keeping by the franchisor or the disclosure of more complete information to the franchisee.

NOTE 3: [As per § 436.1(a) (24) of this part]:

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Pursuant to 16 CFR 436.1 et seq., a Trade Regulation Rule of the Federal Trade Commission regarding Disclosure Requirements and Prohibitions Concerning Franchising and Business Opportunity Ventures, the following information is set forth on [name of franchisor] for your examination:

- 1. Identifying information as to franchisor.
- 2. Business experience of franchisor's directors and executive officers.
- 3. Business experience of the franchisor.
- 4. Litigation history.
- Bankruptcy history.
- 6. Description of franchise.
- 7. Initial funds required to be paid by a franchisee.
- $\boldsymbol{8}.$ Recurring funds required to be paid by a franchisee.
- 9. Affiliated persons the franchisee is required or advised to do business with by the franchisor.
 - 10. Obligations to purchase.
- 11. Revenues received by the franchisor in consideration of purchases by a franchisee.
- 12. Financing arrangements.
- 13. Restriction of sales.
- 14. Personal participation required of the franchisee in the operation of the franchise.
- 15. Termination, cancellation, and renewal of the franchise.
- 16. Statistical information concerning the number of franchises (and company-owned outlets).

- 17. Site selection.
- 18. Training programs.
- 19. Public figure involvement in the franchise.
- 20. Financial information concerning the franchisor.

PART 444—CREDIT PRACTICES

Sec

- 444.1 Definitions.
- 444.2 Unfair credit practices.
- 444.3 Unfair or deceptive cosigner practices.
- 444.4 Late charges.
- 444.5 State exemptions.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 18(a), 88 Stat. 2193, as amended 93 Stat. 95 (15 U.S.C. 57a); 80 Stat. 383, as amended, 81 Stat. 54 (5 U.S.C. 552).

Source: 49 FR 7789, Mar. 1, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

§ 444.1 Definitions.

- (a) *Lender.* A person who engages in the business of lending money to consumers within the jurisdiction of the Federal Trade Commission.
- (b) Retail installment seller. A person who sells goods or services to consumers on a deferred payment basis or pursuant to a lease-purchase arrangement within the jurisdiction of the Federal Trade Commission.
- (c) *Person.* An individual, corporation, or other business organization.
- (d) *Consumer.* A natural person who seeks or acquires goods, services, or money for personal, family, or household use.
- (e) *Obligation.* An agreement between a consumer and a lender or retail installment seller.
- (f) Creditor. A lender or a retail installment seller.
- (g) *Debt.* Money that is due or alleged to be due from one to another.
- (h) Earnings. Compensation paid or payable to an individual or for his or her account for personal services rendered or to be rendered by him or her, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus, or otherwise, including periodic payments pursuant to a pension, retirement, or disability program.
- (i) Household goods. Clothing, furniture, appliances, one radio and one television, linens, china, crockery, kitchenware, and personal effects (including wedding rings) of the consumer and his or her dependents, provided